1

ı

Answers must be in the correct order.

1

(b) A gas was lost from the flask

1

(c) Level 3 (5–6 marks):

A coherent method is described with relevant detail, and in correct sequence which demonstrates a broad understanding of the relevant scientific techniques and procedures. The steps in the method are logically ordered. The method would lead to the production of valid results.

Level 2 (3-4 marks):

The bulk of the method is described with mostly relevant detail, which demonstrates a reasonable understanding of the relevant scientific techniques and procedures. The method may not be in a completely logical sequence and may be missing some detail.

Level 1 (1–2 marks):

Simple statements are made which demonstrate some understanding of some of the relevant scientific techniques and procedures. The response may lack a logical structure and would not lead to the production of valid results.

0 marks:

No relevant content.

Indicative content

- sulfuric acid in beaker (or similar)
- add copper carbonate one spatula at a time
- until copper carbonate is in excess or until no more effervescence occurs *
- filter using filter paper and funnel
- filter excess copper carbonate
- pour solution into evaporating basin / dish
- heat using Bunsen burner
- leave to crystallise / leave for water to evaporate / boil off water
- decant solution
- pat dry (using filter paper)
- wear safety spectacles / goggles

^{*}Students. may choose to use a named indicator until it turns a neutral colour, record the number of spatulas of copper carbonate added then repeat without the indicator.

6

Total mass of reactants = 221.5 (d)

1

<u>159.5</u>

221.5

allow ecf from step 1

1

72.0 (%)

1

allow 72.0 with no working shown for 3 marks

- any one from: (e)
 - Important for sustainable development
 - **Economic reasons**
 - Waste products may be pollutants / greenhouse gases

[13]

1

M2.(a) cotton wool

1

(b) all points correct

± 1/2 small square

2

allow 1 mark if 5 or 6 of the points are correct

best fit line

must not deviate towards anomalous point

1

(c) (mass) 2.1 (g)

allow ecf from drawn best fit line

1

(time) 100 (s)

1

(d) a gas is produced

1

which escapes from the flask

1

 $\frac{9.85}{150} = 0.0656$

1

	0.07 (g / s) allow ecf answer correctly calculated to 2 decimal places	1	
(f)	collect the gas in a gas syringe	1	
	measured the volume of gas allow carbon dioxide for gas	1	
(g)	allow for 1 mark collected gas or counted bubbles The particles have more energy		
	The particles move faster	1	[14]

//3. (a)	(i)	central l	olock		1
			(ii)	conducts electricity	1
		(b)	any • •	two from: visual pollution noise pollution dust pollution habitat destruction.	2
		(c)	(i)	to concentrate the ore / copper carbonate or to remove / separate the rock	1
			(ii)	12 (tonnes) If answer is incorrect allow one mark for (127 + 132) – 247 or 259 - 247	2
			(iii)	 any one from: so no reactant is wasted / left unreacted so they know how much product they will make need to record / compensate for the carbon dioxide produced allow so they can work out their carbon footprint. 	1 [8]

M4.(a) 1

accept 42 - 43

1 very small accept negligible, 1 / 2000 allow zero 1

- (b) The mass number
- (c) С 1

1

1

1

[10]

- (i) (d) 2 1 (ii) 3 1
- (e) (i) 28 1 (ii) 42.9 accept ecf from (e)(i)
- (f) (i) 0.9
 - 1 any **one** from:
 - accurate sensitive
 - rapid small sample.

(ii)

	12	١ ١	(i	١	าท	٦١	llov
M5.	d) (ш)	an	аı	lloy

1

(ii) harder

1

(b) (i) 162.5

> correct answer with or without working gains 2 marks if no answer or incorrect answer then evidence of correct working [56 + (3x35.5)] gains **1** mark

> > 2

(ii) 34.46

accept rounding from 34 - 34.5 correct answer with or without working gains 2 marks accept ecf from (b)(i) correctly calculated for 2 marks if no answer or incorrect answer then evidence of 56 / 162.5 or 56 / answer to (b)(i) gains 1 mark

[6]

2